

- To have used a tablet computer or desktop computer in foundation stage under supervision
- To have an awareness that there are people we don't know (strangers)



By the end of this unit:

- Children will know that they have personal information such as their name, age and address and this should be kept private
- To know not to share passwords with other children or adults
- To know that they have a responsibility online when communicating to others and the information they share
- Be safe with images of themselves and images of others

Key Information:

Through stories and videos, children will learn that they have personal information.

There are people online that attempt to gather their personal information and not everyone you meet on the internet is someone you know

You have a responsibility when taking a photograph or yourself or others not to share it with everyone or sometimes not to share it at all.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
Image	A picture or photograph of someone or something
Online	Using a computer or tablet connected to the internet or network
Personal information	Your name, age, birthday, home address, members of your family or other personal details
Private	Not to be shared
Passwords	A secret word or phrase that you would use to gain access to a website
Responsibility	Taking ownership of your actions or choices and behaving in a trustworthy manner.
Sharing	Telling others your information or displaying a image
Stranger	A person who you do not know or is unfamiliar to you

- Digi duck
- Common sense media
- Think U Know



- I have personal information that is private to me and should not be shared with strangers online
- I have a responsibility to others about the images I share and who I share them with



By the end of this unit:

- Children will be able to explain the school rules when accessing the internet
- Children will know that everything they do online leaves a trail that can be traced and is there for years to come
- Children will appreciate that some websites are more appropriate than others.
- Children will know how to be increasingly specific in a search engine enabling them to avoid more inappropriate sites.

Key Information:

Through games, activities, stories and videos, children will learn that everything they upload online creates a digital footprint.

Children will learn how to use a keyword when searching for information and use specific child friendly search engines.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
Acceptable use	Staying within an agreed set of rules when
	using the computers or the internet
Digital	The information about a person that exists on
Footprint	the Internet as a result of their online activity
Keyword	A particular word that you are searching for
	information about
Online	Using a computer or tablet connected to the
Personal	Your name, age, birthday, home address,
information	members of your family or other personal
	details
Search engine	a program or website that searches for and
	identifies items that match keywords or
	phrases. They are used especially for finding
Search results	A list of websites that are likely to contain the
	keywords or phrases.
website	A set of related web pages located under a

Links (Websites/Apps):

Hectors world

Common sense media

- ♦ Kid rex
- Google junior



- I have personal information that is private to me and should not be shared with strangers online
- I am responsible for my behaviour online and anything I share creates a digital footprint overtime
- Some websites are not appropriate and I can use keywords to try & avoid these



By the end of this unit:

- Children will be able to create their own class rules for acceptable use online
- Children will be able to think of suitable ways to represent themselves as an avatar
- Children will be able to explain why we have passwords
- Children will be able to explain that they might receive online messages and how to respond to these
- Children will know about the 'report it' button
- Children will know that copying other peoples work and posting it as your own is called plagiarism

Key Information:

Through games, activities, stories and videos, children will be able to explain how they should respond in situations online such as receiving online messages.

They will agree on a set of class rules for the use of the internet They will explore ways to keep themselves safer online by the website the visit, the passwords they choose and how they communicate with others online.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
Acceptable use	Staying within an agreed set of rules when using the computers or the internet
Avatars	an icon or figure representing a particular person in a video game or internet forum
Connect	Join together so as to provide access and communication
Internet	A global computer network providing a variety of information and communication facilities, consisting of interconnected networks and computers
Online messages	Communicated messages using an app or website
Plagiarism	The practice of taking someone else's work or ideas and passing them off as your own

- Childnet Kara & Winston
- Common sense media



- I have personal information that is private to me and should not be shared with strangers online
- ♦ I am responsible for my behaviour online and anything I share creates a digital footprint overtime
- Some websites are not appropriate and I can use keywords to try & avoid these
- I can use the 'report it' button on a website if the content is inappropriate



By the end of this unit:

- Children will know that sharing some things can be rewarding but to share appropriately
- Children will be able to explain the difference between in-person and online communication
- Children will be able to write clear and respectful emails
- Children will have the strategies to feel strong in the face of cyberbullying

Key Information:

Through games, activities, stories and videos, children will be able to explain what information could be shared and how it can be shared appropriately.

They will explore examples of online and in-person communication and from this create their own respectful emails Children will explore example situations of cyberbullying and appropriate ways to respond such as seeking adult support.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
Cyberbullying	the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.
email	Messages distributed by electronic means from one computer user to one or more people
In-person	Contact with another person or group of people, usually face to face, where you would communicate your ideas or opinions
Online communication	Any messages that are sent and received via a website, chat, app or email.
Sharing	To tell someone else something. Post or repost on a website or app
respectful	To be mindful of and respect the feelings, wishes, or rights of others

- Common sense media
- ♦ 2email



- I have personal information that should be kept private but there are things that can be shared and the benefits of this
- Anything I do online creates a digital footprint overtime
- Some websites are not appropriate and I can use the 'report it' button on a website if the content is inappropriate
- I can compose a respectful email to others
- I know strategies that will help me in the event of any cyberbullying



By the end of this unit:

- Children will know how to deal with spam emails safely.
- Children will be able establish group norms that create a positive online community that promotes responsible and respectful digital behaviour
- Children will know what constitutes a secure password to protect their private information
- Children will know that some photos can be changed on the computer and can consider how this affects our own feelings about ourselves

Key Information:

Through games, activities, stories and videos, children will explore the difference between spam mail and junk mail.

They will consider what makes a strong password.

The children will think about how edited images that they view of others (such as celebrities) and themselves can make them feel

They will think about their own digital behaviour and the advice they can give to others

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
Cyberbullying	the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.
Digital behaviour	How you behave when communicating with others online. What you consider posting or reposting and the websites you visit.
Editing	Making an alteration to information or images
In-person	Contact with another person or group of people, usually face to face, where you would communicate your ideas or opinions
Junk mail	unwanted emails, typically in the form of advertising or promotional material
Spam	Email spam, also referred to as junk email, is unwanted messages sent in bulk by email
Strong Password	A <i>strong password</i> consists of at least six characters (and the more characters, the <i>stronger</i> the <i>password</i>) that are a combination of letters, numbers and symbols (@, #, \$, %, etc.) Passwords are typically case-sensitive, so a <i>strong password</i> contains letters in both uppercase and lowercase.
respectful	To be mindful of and respect the feelings, wishes, or rights of others

- Common sense media
- ♦ Think U Know
- ♦ 2 email



- ♦ I can keep my personal information safe with a secure password
- ◆ I can share appropriately using digital platforms or respectful emails
- Anything I do online creates a digital footprint overtime and I should always consider my own digital behaviour
- ◆ Some websites are not appropriate and I can use the 'report it' button on a website if the content is inappropriate
- ♦ I know strategies that will help me in the event of any cyberbullying
- ♦ I know that photos can be edited on a computer/tablet



By the end of this unit:

- Children will know how to be a good digital citizen
- Children will know that not everything they read online is true
- Children will appreciate to respect the work of others and that some work online is under copyright laws
- Children will know what to do if they are a bystander or a target of cyberbullying
- Children will be able to explain the appropriate response to a number of scenarios relating to the actions they take online

Key Information:

Through games, activities, stories and videos, children will explore the what it means to be a good digital citizen.

They will discuss that not everything posted online is true. They will also find out that some documents or pictures belong to someone else and how copyright affects them.

The children will consider different scenarios relating to cyberbullying and the choices they make when online.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	
bystander	a person who is present at an event or incident but does not take part
Cyberbullying	the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of
copyright	Copyright is a law that gives the owner of a work (for example, a book, movie, picture, song or website) the right to say how other people can use it.
Digital citizen	A person who develops the skills and knowledge to effectively use the Internet and other <i>digital</i> technology, especially in order to participate responsibly in social and civic activities.
Editing	Making an alteration to information or images
fake	not genuine; imitation or counterfeit.
reputation	The beliefs or opinions that are generally held about someone or something.
target	A person selected as the aim of an attack

- Common sense media
- Google Be Internet Awesome