

### What I should already know:

We all live in a home and animals have a home too.

We wear different hats in different weathers.

Some materials melt when warm and become solid when cooled.

What happens when two or more known objects are mixed.

How to separate two or more known objects.

Bubbles are made from a soapy mixture.

#### By the end of EYFS:

Children can describe a range of homes and give reasons why different homes are suitable for the people who live there.

Children can give reasons why a particular hat is suitable for a particular type of weather, based on simple properties of the material from which it is made.

Children can name some materials that melt and describe what they observe during the melting.

Children can use comparative and descriptive language to talk about what they notice when they mix two or more materials together.

Children can talk about the size of an object, how it goes through a sieve and therefore how the sieve can be used to separate objects.

Children can describe how they made bubbles and compare their bubbles to others.

### **EYFS**

**Objects and Materials** 

**Science: Chemistry** 







Animal homes: stable, nest, kennel

Human homes: house, flat, bungalow, tent, caravan

Materials: brick, wood, concrete, ice, sticks

### What hat is best to wear today?





Cap Hood Material Suitable types

Weather

# What melts?





Chocolate

Freeze/freezing

Heat

Melt/melting

Warm/cool

Warmer/cooler

Water/ice

## **What happens When you mix it**a



After that, pour into 2 glasses

Mix

### Descriptive language: soft, slimy, hard, stiff.

Dry and wet

Materials: sand, sugar, rice, pasta, oil, water.

Mixture





**Bubble Burst** Bigger Float Higher Longer Materials Mixture/Mix

# What goes throu





Comparative language:

Smaller, bigger, larger.

Grains mix

Materials: flour, sand, rice, sugar.

Mixture

Separate Sieve