

What should I already know:

- History is studying something that has happened in the past and that things have happened outside my living memory.
- What life was like when the Romans invaded Britain.
- Different historical sources can tell us about the past.

National Curriculum:

Pupils should be taught about Britain’s settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots.

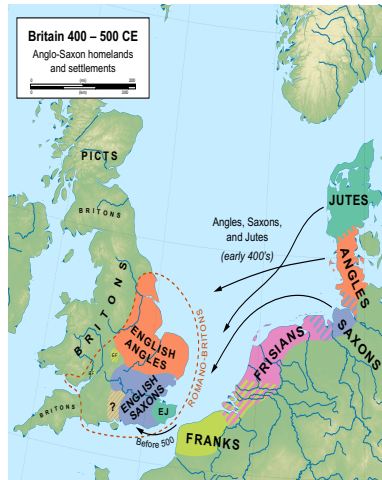
By the end of this unit:

- Know who the Anglo-Saxons were and where they came from and why.
- Know Britain during Anglo-Saxon times was divided into 7 kingdoms.
- Know that archaeologists have discovered important artefacts that tell us about this period and these give us information about the past.
- Know Anglo-Saxons were warriors.



Year 4: History

Anglo Saxons



Vocabulary

Anglo-Saxon Kingdoms	The Anglo-Saxons formed many regions each with one ruler, known kingdoms.
Archaeologist	A person who studies history.
Artefact	An object from the past.
Burial grounds	Where someone or something was buried.
Christianity	Religion believing in Jesus .
Evacuation	Digging something from a site.
Invaders	People who used force to enter a place and take over, usually with army.
Jutes	A tribe from Anglo-Saxon times.
Pagans	A person who has a religious belief that is not a world religion.
Scandinavia	A group of countries in northern Europe.
Settlement	Deciding to live somewhere.
Sutton Hoo	An archaeological site in England.
Warriors	People who fight in battle.

Key Facts at the end of this Unit:

The Anglo-Saxons invaded Britain in AD 450 when the Romans left.	The Anglo-Saxons sailed from Germany, Denmark and The Netherlands in longships.
The Anglo-Saxons were made up of three tribes— they were called Angle, Saxon and Jute.	For a long time, England was not one country. Anglo-Saxon kings ruled lots of small kingdoms across the land.
We know about Anglo-Saxon life because of excavations made by archaeologists.	The Anglo-Saxons were fierce people who fought many battles, including fighting each other.